



SAFETY DATA SHEET NESTE LIPA 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name NESTE LIPA 1
Product number ID 10747
Internal identification 7571

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Solvent.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Neste Markkinointi Oy
Keilaranta 21, Espoo, P.O.B. 95, FIN-00095 NESTE, FINLAND
Tel. +358 10 45811
lubetec@neste.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

National emergency telephone number +358-9-471 977, +358-9-4711, Poison Information Centre number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements	<p>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</p> <p>P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</p> <p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.</p>
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2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards	Vapours may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas., Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air., May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	70 - 80 % *
CAS number: —	REACH registration number: 01-2119475515-33-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
propan-2-ol	20 - 30 %
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7
	REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	* Contains Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) < 0,1 %. n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) < 1,0 %. aromatic hydrocarbons < 0,1 % Cycloalkanes ca. 50 w-%.
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Other information	Identity outside the EU (CAS number and name of the substance):, 64742-49-0 Naphta (petroleum) hydrodesulfurized, light., Previous EC number: , 265-151-9
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

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Skin contact Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use an approved skin cleanser. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Causes eye irritation. Irritating to skin. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Flammable liquid and vapour. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Severe explosion hazard when vapours are exposed to flames.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear adequate protective equipment at all operations.

For non-emergency personnel Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke.

For emergency responders Prevent unauthorized access. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Risk of soil and ground water contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Methods for cleaning up Immediately start clean-up of the liquid and contaminated soil. Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal. Small Spillages: Absorb spillage with sand or other inert absorbent. Pay attention to the fire and health hazards caused by the product. Waste is classified as hazardous waste.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions This material is a static accumulator. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Try to avoid product volatilization during handling and transferring. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protective equipment and/or local ventilation when needed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. During tank operations follow special instructions (risk of oxygen displacement and hydrocarbons).

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Flammable liquid storage. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses. Take precautions against leakage by constructing collecting pools and sewerage systems as well as by surfacing the loading and unloading stations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) Not known.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 200 ppm 500 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 250 ppm 620 mg/m³

HTP 2016/FIN

Ingredient comments Solvent naphtha, group 1: 500 mg/m³ (8h), HTP 2016/FIN. The individual limit values can be applied for the hydrocarbons.

PNEC Not available.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2085 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 447 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 149 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 149 mg/kg/day

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Use personal protective equipment and/or local ventilation when needed. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

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Eye/face protection	Tight-fitting safety glasses. Face shield when needed.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. Protection class 6. Protective gloves according to standards EN 420 and EN 374. Change protective gloves regularly.
Other skin and body protection	Protective clothing when needed. Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity.
Respiratory protection	Filter device/half mask Gas filter, type A2. Filter device could be used maximum 2 hours at a time. Filter devices must not be used in conditions where the oxygen level is low (< 19 vol.-%). At high concentrations a breathing apparatus must be used (self-contained or fresh air hose breathing apparatus). Filter must be changed often enough. Respirators according to standards EN 140 and EN 141.
Environmental exposure controls	Take precautions against leakage by constructing collecting pools and sewerage systems as well as by surfacing the loading and unloading stations.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Mobile liquid.
Colour	Clear.
Odour	Strong.
Odour threshold	-
pH	-
Initial boiling point and range	> 70°C
Flash point	< 0°C
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2 % Estimated value. Upper flammable/explosive limit: 10 % Estimated value.
Vapour pressure	21 kPa @ 38°C
Vapour density	-
Relative density	0,75 @ 15°C
Solubility(ies)	Slightly soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	-
Auto-ignition temperature	> 280°C
Decomposition Temperature	-
Viscosity	Kinematic viscosity < 7 mm ² /s @ 40°C
Explosive properties	-
Oxidising properties	-
9.2. Other information	
Other information	-

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

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Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritating to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

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Toxicological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5840 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 2920 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat (OECD 402)

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ > 23,3 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat (4h) (OECD 403)

propan-2-ol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ > 20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat (8h)

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL₅₀, 96 hours: 13,4 mg/l, Fish
WAF (OECD 203)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EL50, 48 hours: 3 mg/l,
EL0, 48 hours: 4 mg/l,
WAF (OECD 202, EU Method C.2)

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EL50, 72 hours: 10 - 30 mg/l, Algae
NOELR, 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Algae
WAF (OECD 201, EU Method C.3)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOELR, 28 days: 1,53 mg/l, Fish
(QSAR)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOELR, 21 days: 1 mg/l,
LOELR, 21 days: 2 mg/l,
NOEC, 21 days: 0,17 mg/l,
LOEC, 21 days: 0,32 mg/l,
WAF (OECD 211)

propan-2-ol

Acute aquatic toxicity

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Acute toxicity - fish	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 6550 - 11300 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC ₅₀ , 24 hours: ~ 9700 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Phototransformation	The product contains volatile substances which may spread in the atmosphere. Can be photodegraded in the atmosphere.
Stability (hydrolysis)	No significant reaction in water.
Biodegradation	Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Biodegradation	Rapidly degradable (OECD 301 F, EU Method C.4-D)
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Partition coefficient	-

Ecological information on ingredients.

propan-2-ol

Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0,05 - 0,29
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility	Volatile. Product can penetrate soil until reaching the surface of ground water. Volatilization is the fastest and most dominant elimination process in surface water and soil. The product contains substances which are bound to particulate matter and are retained in soil.
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
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12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	Not known.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Waste is classified as hazardous waste.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

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UN No. (ADR/RID) 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping nameProper shipping name UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (isopropanol, solvent naphtha)
(ADR/RID)**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID class 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazardsEnvironmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
MARINE POLLUTANT**14.6. Special precautions for user**

Not applicable.

Hazard Identification Number 33
(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data Regulations, databases, literature, own research.

Revision comments This is first issue. (new SDS software has been introduced)

Revision date 11/01/2018

Supersedes date 30/07/2015

SDS number 6012

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Hazard statements in full

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.